

SET - 1

Time: 3 hours

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)

2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory

3. Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

***** PART –A

What constitutes a programming environment? [3M] 1 a) b) What mixed-mode assignments are allowed in C and Java? [4M] What is an alias? What are the problems associated with it? c) [4M] What is attribute grammar? Explain how attribute grammar is use for d) [4M] evaluation of the expressions. What is type inferencing used in ML? e) [3M] What is the difference between checked and unchecked exception in java? f) [4M] PART-B 2 What is the difference between a sentence and a sentential form in a CFG? [4M] a) Explain with an example how the weakest precondition for a logical pretest b) [8M] loop is derived. A concise and understandable description of a programming language is c) [4M] essential to the language's success. Comment on this. 3 What are the merits of sub range types? [3M] a) Explain in detail various design issues of character string types. b) [8M] What is a variable and what are the attributes of a variable? Elaborate on c) [5M] address of a variable. 4 a) Discuss the following term: [10M] i) Dangling pointers, ii) Tail recursion elimination. b) Explain associative arrays, their structure and operations. [6M] 5 What is the difference between the way original C and C89 deal with an actual a) [8M] parameter whose type is not identical to that of the corresponding formal parameter? Discuss in detail overloaded operators. b) [8M] 6 Discuss how producer-consumer problem and Dining philosopher's problem [16M] are solved using concurrency in ADA. For what sort of application logic programming is useful? Briefly explain. 7 [8M] a) What are existential queries? Briefly explain. [8M] b)





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[4M]

[4M]

[8M]

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<u>PART –A</u>

1 a) What do you mean by a general purpose language? Is C a general purpose language? [3M]

b) Give an example of left recursive rule in CFG. What is the significance of left [4M] recursive rule?

- c) What do you mean by binding? Give examples of some of the bindings and their [4M] binding times.
- d) Consider the following C program: int fun(int _ i) { *i+=5; return 4; } void main { int x=3; x=x+fun (&x) } What is the value of x after assig

What is the value of x after assignment statement in main method assuming i. operands are evaluated left to right?

- e) What are advantages and disadvantages of dynamic local variables? [3M]
- f) What is type inferencing used in ML?

PART -B

- 2 a) Explain the process of compilation in each phase of a compiler. [8M]
 - b) Give some reasons why computer scientists and professional software developers [8M] should study general concepts of language design and evaluation.
- 3 a) Discuss about Context-free grammar and regular expression? Give the parse tree of a [8M] following statement: A = (B+C) * (D / E).
 - b) Consider the following pseudo code. Procedure P (A, B: real) X: real Procedure Q (B, C: real) Y: real ... Procedure R (A, C: real) Z: real ... (*) ...

Assuming static scope, what is the referencing environment at location marked by (*)?





SET - 2

4	a)	Explain in detail arrays, indices, subscript bindings, and array categories.	[8M]
	b)	What are the problems posed by managing a heap of single-size cell and variable-size cell? Explain in detail various methods for reclaiming garbage.	[8M]
5	a)	Discuss precedence and associativity rules of different programming languages.	[8M]
	b)	Explain in detail multiple selection constructs.	[8M]
6	a)	What are the characteristics of co-routine feature? List the languages which allow co-routines.	[8M]
	b)	How to implement generic functions in C++?	[8M]
7	a)	Define monitor? Explain how cooperation synchronization and competition synchronization are implemented using monitors.	[8M]
	b)	Write a prolog description of your family tree (based only on facts), going back to	[8M]

b) Write a prolog description of your family tree (based only on facts), going back to [8M] your grandparents and including all descendants. Be sure to include all relationships.



SET - 3

Time: 3 hours

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- 2. Answering the question in Part-A is compulsory
- 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

PART -A

1	a) b)	Differentiate between Hybrid Interpretation and Pure Interpretation. Write short notes on Short Cut evaluation	[3M] [4M]					
	c)	What are the design issues for exception handling in JAVA?	[3M]					
	d)	Differentiate In mode and Out Mode parameter passing mechanisms.	[4M]					
	e)	With respect to the object oriented programming, briefly explain virtual functions.	[3M]					
	f)	What are the three features of Haskell that makes very different from schema?	[4M]					
	PART -B							
2	a) b)	What are the main features of the programming paradigm with examples? Define CFG? What does it mean for CFG to be ambiguous?	[8M] [8M]					
3	a)	(i) Explain Dijkstra's selection construction and loop structure.(ii) Explain with examples user-located loop control mechanisms provided by various languages	[8M]					
	b)	What is meant by type checking? Differentiate between static type checking and dynamic type checking and give their relative advantages.	[8M]					
4	a)	Discuss the significance of holes in the records. Why they do and what problem do they cause?	[8M]					
	b)	Explain the difference between virtual and non-virtual methods.	[8M]					
5	a)	Describe three alternative means of allocating co-routine stacks. What are their relative strengths and weaknesses?	[8M]					
	b)	What is dangling-else problem? Discuss How it can be handled by the programming language.	[8M]					
6		Explain the following terms :						
	a)	Message passing	[6M]					
	b)	Concurrency in Ada	[5M]					
	c)	Monitors.	[5M]					
7	a) b)	For what sort of application logic programming is useful? Briefly explain. Write a LISP function fib(n) that computes nth Fibonacci number.	[8M] [8M]					



SET - 4

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Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory
Answer any **THREE** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

1		Driefly write about Virtual Machines	[2]]
1	a) b)	What are the advantages of user defined data types?	[314] [4 M]
	c)	How does C support relational and Boolean expressions?	[3M]
	() 	Fundain with example how energing evoluation order interacts with functional side	
	a)	effects.	[4]/1]
	e)	Write a short note on 'this' pointer in C++.	[3M]
	f)	Explain about LISP interpreter.	[4M]
		PART -B	
2		Explain language evaluation criteria and the characteristics that affect them.	[16M]
3	a)	Define syntax and semantics.	[5M]
-	b)	The levels of acceptance of any language depend on the language description.	[5M]
	,	Comment on this.	
	c)	Define grammars, derivation and a parse tree.	[6M]
4	a)	What are dangling pointers and lost heap-dynamic variables? How are they created?	[8M]
	b)	What are the problems posed by managing a heap of single-size cell and variable- size cell? Explain in detail various methods for reclaiming garbage.	[8M]
5		Discuss about the various attributes of a good language and explain the process of evaluating attributes with example.	[16M]
6	a)	Write an analysis of the similarities and differences between java packages and C++ namespaces.	[8M]
	b)	Explain how information hiding in provided in an ADA package.	[8M]
7	a)	Discuss about basic elements of prolog. Give examples.	[8M]
	b)	Explain how data abstraction is implemented in ADA.	[8M]